# LAST CHANCE: "Addy & Uno" One-time Sunday Showing with a 50% discount THIS Sunday, February 11 | 12:00 pm

Join fellow Shearith Israel members and other Upper West Side synagogues for <u>Addy & Uno</u>—a 50 minute puppet-musical focused on empathy toward kids with disabilities.

#### SPECIAL OFFER:

Shearith Israel is excited to be able to share with registrants a special 50% discount code - when you register through shearithisrael.org/addyanduno, you will receive an email confirmation with the code and instructions for purchasing tickets.

NOTE: Filling out the form does NOT purchase tickets; you must do so separately after receiving the code. (Tickets are ordinarily \$42.25 each, but our code cuts that price drastically.)

#### Seeking Teen Girls for Annual Shir Hashirim Reading Eighth Day of Passover, Saturday, April 7

After *musaf* on the last day of Passover, the teen girls of our synagogue take part in our unique tradition as they read The Song of Songs for the congregation in the Main Sanctuary after services. Full preparation and training provided. Newcomers welcome! For information and to participate, please contact Hazzan Rabbi Ira Rohde at irohde@shearithisrael.org.

To sponsor the *kiddush* in the girls' honor, go to shearithisrael.org/teen-girls-shir-hashirim-2018.



# SAVE THE DATE "Pulpit Swap" Shabbat, March 10, 2018 In the spirit of friendship and

mutual respect, Rabbis

Levine and Soloveichik will "swap" synagogues, enjoying the warmth of their peer *kehillot* and each treating the other to a special lecture after morning services.

Rabbi Levine's lecture topic at Shearith Israel: "A Revolutionary Tale: The Curious History of the First Hebrew Prayer for a Democratic Government"

To join our list of sponsors for the *kiddush* following this special lecture, visit **shearithisrael.org/pulpit-swap**.

Our next public tour is Wednesday, February 14

Parnas Office Hours Louis Solomon would be delighted to meet with you. Please schedule a visit at parnas@shearithisrael.org.

# DEBAR TORAH: DOUBLE DOUBLE TOIL AND TROUBLE: ON THE MEANING OF MEKHASHEFAH

— BY Z. EDINGER —

Exodus 22:17 states: מְּשֵׁרָה דֹא חָחָהָּה "You shall not suffer a sorceress to live." The root בְּשֵׁרָה "You shall not suffer a sorceress to live." The root means "to practice sorcery." It is a relatively rare word appearing 13 times in *Tanakh*. The Torah prohibits sorcery in several places (Deut. 18: 9-14, Mal. 3:5, Mic. 5:11, Nah. 3:4, et al). Our verse, however, differs from the others in two ways; it specifies that the punishment for sorcery is death, and it singles out the sorceress by specifically using the feminine form מְּבֶשְׁבֶּה mekhashefah. Does our verse apply specifically to the sorceress, and not to male sorcerers?

Targum Onkelos translates the verse literally "The sorceress shall not live." However, the Palestinian tradition found in Targums of Pseudo-Jonathan and Neophyti refer specifically to both sorcerers and sorceresses. The Septuagint actually uses a masculine noun, Pharmakous (sorcerer) potion-maker) in its translation of mekhashefah. The Latin Vulgate renders the word Maleficos (masculine plural) meaning "evil-doers." So it was well established by the time of the Mishna and Midrashim (c. 200 CE) that mekhashefah referred both to male and female sorcerers. This is explicit in the Mekhilta d'Ribi Ishmael: "שמש הוא איש ואחד איש ואחד איש ואחד הוא איש ואחד א

The Talmud (Sanhedrin 67a) likewise states the *mekhashefah* means to include both male and female sorcerers alike: המשה אחד האיש ואחד האיש חנו רבנן מכשפה אחד האיש ואחד האש חנו רבנן מכשפה אול. the Talmud wonders, if so, why does the verse specify "sorceress"? מפני שרוב נשים מצויות בכשפים. Because, "most women are involved with witchcraft." The Talmud presumably means that in biblical times witchcraft was practiced mainly by women. Following the Talmud, this explanation was adopted by nearly all subsequent commentaries both medieval and modern (Rashi, Rashbam, Ibn Ezra, Shadal, Cassuto, Noth, Sarna, and many others).

Some additional insight into the prevalence of sorcerers and sorceresses in biblical times can be gleaned by examining Ancient Near Eastern cognates. The root KSP (בשכ) is found in Semitic languages with the identical meaning of "sorcery" and in its various masculine, feminine, and plural forms (Akkadian: kašapu, kašaptu, kišpu; Uggaritic: kšpm). In legal texts, such as the Code of Hammurabi, Neo Babylonian Laws, and Middle Assyrian Laws—we find that prohibitions of sorcery sometimes specify only the masculine kašapu and other instances specify both masculine and feminine forms (kašaptu): Thus we find in MAL §47: "If either a man or a woman be discovered practicing witchcraft, and the charges against them are proven, they shall kill the practitioner of witchcraft." This and several similar legal texts are similar in form to that of Leviticus 20:27: A man or a woman that divineth by a ghost or a familiar spirit, shall surely be put to death.

This deliberate use of both genders in the ancient legal texts is very different than what we find other in other types of ancient literature—specifically, Babylonian anti-witchcraft formulas, recipes, and prayers. In these magic texts we encounter the sorceress (by herself) and far fewer instances of male sorcerers. The very first of the Maqlu tablets states: I have called upon you, gods of night...Because a sorceress has bewitched me, A deceitful woman has accused me, Caused my god and my goddess to be estranged from me; I have become [ill.]

It appears then that ancient magic texts support the conclusion that in ancient times "women were particularly associated with magical practices." Whereas legal texts of the same era were written to include both male sorceress and female sorceresses, lest anyone make a mistake in the law.

Returning to our verse we are left with a question. Our verse is part of a legal text. In fact, the entire *Parashat Mishpatim* is famous for its close resemblance and connection to the ancient law codes mentioned earlier. As such, we would expect to find the prohibition against sorcery to specify both male and female sorcerers. Why then does the text only use the word אַכשְׁפָה mekhashefali.

One possible explanation is that the word *mekhashefah* is not in fact the feminine singlular form of לְשֵׁר but rather it is a collective noun referring to all who practice sorcery regardless of gender. This was suggested by the famous 11th c. grammarian Jonah ibn Jannach. Jannach believed that:

"just like *daggah* is not the feminine of *dag* [fish], but a collective noun denoting fish in general. Likewise, *tziyyah* (wasteland) is not the feminine of *tzi* (fleet); *dayyah*, a sort of bird, is not the feminine of *day*, meaning enough; and *hassidah* (stork) is not the feminine of *hassid*, a person devoted to G-d. Thus, we see that although the Hebrew suffix *ah* generally denotes the feminine form, this is not always the case, as is proven by *mekhashefah*, the collective of witches."

Ibn Jannach's suggestion helps us understand that our verse only appears to specify a female sorceress. *Mekhashefah* is likely a collective noun, which would render our verse "*Practitioners of sorcery shall not live.*" This gender neutral understanding would fit well within the laws prohibiting sorcery elsewhere in the Torah and with similar Ancient Near Eastern legal texts.



# congregation shearith israel The Spanish & Portuguese Synagogue

# Shabbat Mishpatim-Shekalim February 9-10, 2018

Hertz Pentateuch: p. 306; Haftarah: p. 992 Shekalim: p. 352 Kaplan Living Torah: p. 356; Haftarah: p. 1270 Shekalim: p. 440

CANDLE LIGHTING | 5:05 pm

MINHAH & ARBIT | 5:15 pm | Main Sanctuary

FRIDAY NIGHT LIGHTS | Rabbi Meir Soloveichik | "John Lennon was Wrong: A Shabbat Reflection" | 2017-2018 season sponsored by the Julis family.

ZEMIROT | 8:15 am | Main Sanctuary

SHAHARIT (NISHMAT) | 9:00 am | Main Sanctuary

TOT SHABBAT WITH LIZ AND SHANADE | Ages 0-4 | 10:00 am | Fidanque Youth Room

YOUTH GROUPS WITH RACHEL | Ages 5-12 | 10:00 am | Elias Room JUNIOR CONGREGATION | Ages 5-12 | 10:30 | Little Synagogue

TALK | Rabbi Meir Soloveichik | "Adam Smith and the Shekel of Fire: Judaism, Markets, and Money"

KIDDUSH | Levy Auditorium | Sponsored by Lydia & David Sarfati in memory of Lydia's father, Shelomo bar Moshe Van Moppes.

SHABBAT AFTERNOON SHIUR | Rabbi Meir Soloveichik | 4:00 pm | "The Most Surprisingly Named Holiday: A Purim Shiur" | Levy Auditorium

MINHAH & ARBIT | 5:00 pm HABDALAH | 5:54 pm

# Weekday Service Times

Mornings:

Sunday: 8:00 am Monday-Friday: 7:15 am

Evenings:

Sunday (Minhah & Arbit—note new time): 5:15 pm Monday-Thursday (Arbit only): 6:30 pm

Rosh Hodesh Adar begins on Wednesday evening, February 14.

Central Park West at 70th Street, New York City • www.shearithisrael.org

## PURIM AT SHEARITH ISRAEL

LAST CHANCE BEFORE PROCRASTINATOR PRICING

# HerringFest: The Purim Edition

A Purim Dinner featuring herring from the world-famous Russ & Daughters, foods from other fine purveyors, and an entertaining talk from Rabbi Soloveichik

Wednesday, February 28 | Following Megillah Reading 1 In the tradition of our past standout "educulinary" events, we bring I you our annual Purim Dinner—with a salty twist! This year, building on the success of last year's HerringFest, we're holding the sequel on Purim night, after *megillah* reading. Other smoked fish as well as non-fishy treats will round out this delectable dinner. (Note to parents: don't worry, there will be plenty of food for kids who don't like herring!)

> Members: \$38/Adult || \$18/Child under 12 Non-Members: \$42/Adult || \$20/Child under 12

Register by THIS Monday, February 12 to avoid Procrastinator Pricing!

For registration and sponsorships, visit shearithisrael.org/purimdinner5778.

### Be Part of Our Women's Megillat Esther Purim Morning, Thursday, March 1 Services begin at 7:15 am

Calling all women aged 12 and up to read megillah this year, for the 29th year of this Shearith Israel tradition. Assignments are as short as 3 verses and all audio is available at shearithisrael.org/megillat-esther. It's easy to learn and is a great way to participate this Purim! Contact Mrs. Lisa Rohde at lirohdecsi@yahoo.com for more information and to get involved.

## Sponsor Our Annual Purim Breakfast Thursday, March 1 | 8:30 am

Every year we treat our congregation to a festive Purim Breakfast following the reading of the megillah on Purim morning. Help ensure that we have plenty of hamentashen to go around by going here to sponsor: shearithisrael.org/purim-breakfast.

## Send Mishloah Manot to a Member

ORDERING DEADLINE: THIS SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 11 AT 11 PM Take advantage of this wonderful opportunity to send special Purim greetings and to reach out to our Shearith Israel community. This project will support the Sisterhood's many projects. More information about how to participate has been sent via email. For questions, please contact Mrs. Lisa Rohde at lirohdecsi@yahoo.com or Mrs. Carla Schein at scheinc6@gmail.com.

# PURIM AT SHEARITH ISRAEL

# Children's Musical Storytelling by Story Arts Wednesday, February 28 | Elias Room Arrive early at 6:00 pm

The reading of Megillat Esther begins promptly at 6:15 pm. Children are invited to the Elias Room for a special "infotainment" program, just for them.

Parents are encouraged to arrive at 6:00 pm, in order to help their children settle in, and then make their way to the Large Synagogue in time for megillah. Liz Rios and Yona Glass will provide supervision, but children under the age of 5 must be accompanied by an adult.

This year, we're pleased to welcome Heather Forest of Story Arts, who will do a dramatic telling of the Purim story and other Jewish folktales, accompanied by her guitar.

Our children's programming is free and open to all, though sponsors are greatly appreciated to help defray the cost. Visit shearithisrael.org/storyarts to sponsor.

# Don't Forget To Give Matanot L'Ebyonim

It is one of the *mitzvot* of Purim to give charity to the poor, Matanot L'Ebyonim. You can easily fulfill this mitzvah through the synagogue: your online gift or check made out to the "Rabbi's Discretionary Fund," will be distributed by Rabbi Soloveichik on Purim to those in need.

Donate online at shearithisrael.org/matanot.

# **COMMUNITY ANNOUNCEMENTS**

Mazal tob to Justin Berger on becoming a bar mitzvah this shabbat in the Lauderdale Road Synagogue, Maida Vale, London. Justin is the son of Rabbi Jeffrey & Michie Berger.

We are delighted to welcome members of Congregation Rodeph Sholom, visiting from Tampa, Florida.

We mourn the loss of our member, Manos Marcus.

# View all our Winter Semester classes at shearithisrael.org/judaic-education

Sign up to be notified of any schedule changes or cancellations at shearithisrael.org/join-our-email-lists.





This major event is part of our Year of Years Celebrations which will culminate in 2019 when we mark 365 years of our congregation and Jewish life in America.

Participants will enjoy exclusive experiences all created and presented by Rabbi Meir Soloveichik, including:

Lectures and discussions with preeminent scholars such as Lincoln historian, Harold Holzer

archival materials, such as Thomas

Noah of Shearith Israel

An exclusive viewing of rarely exhibited Jefferson's Letter to Mordecai Manuel

Remarkable Passover stories and lessons of liberty from the American Jewish historical narrative

A take-home Haggadah Companion custom created by Rabbi Soloveichik, which particpants can use to inspire their own Seder this year

A bonus conversation—for luncheon participants only—with Harold Holzer and Rabbi Soloveichik on the making of Steven Spielberg's critically acclaimed film, Lincoln

Sunday, March 18, 2018 | Symposium 9 am - 12:30 pm

Luncheon to follow with a special tribute to Shearith Israel's 5778 hatanim Simon Salama-Caro, Hatan Torah Robert Kapito, Hatan Bereshit

Congregation Shearith Israel | 2 West 70th Street, New York City

Attire: Sunday Smart

Tickets start at \$25. RSVP by March 4: shearithisrael.org/gala2018